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Title: Perc and n-type components

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Introduction: The PERC (Pulmonary Embolism Rule-out Criteria) Rule is utilized by physicians to avoid further testing for pulmonary embolism in patients deemed to be at low risk.

In patients with a low probability of PE who fulfill all eight criteria, the likelihood of PE is low and no further testing is required. All other patients should be considered for further testing with ...

The PERC Rule for Pulmonary Embolism Rules out PE if no criteria are present and pre-test probability is $\leq 15\%$.

This PERC calculator (Pulmonary Embolism Rule-out Criteria) gives you a quick look at the PERC criteria, which can help you determine if the patient is likely to have a pulmonary embolism.

To determine the diagnostic performance of pulmonary embolism rule-out criteria (PERC), to rule out pulmonary embolism, without the need for D-dimer testing, in the emergency department.

The PERC (Pulmonary Embolism Rule-out Criteria) rule can be used in the initial evaluation for pulmonary embolism (PE) in low-risk patients to exclude the diagnosis of PE based on ...

Utilize the PERC Rule, a reliable tool for assessing possible pulmonary embolism.

This PERC rule calculator is used to rule out patients that are already deemed to have a low risk of pulmonary embolism to allow searching a different diagnosis.

Use PERC only if you're already thinking "this patient probably doesn't have a PE," or if Wells determines your patient to be low risk. Applying PERC in someone at moderate or ...

Check all of the following that are true: In patients with low suspicion for PE (best-guess pre-test probability <15%) AND all are true, only 0.9% had PE (n=7527) and it can be ruled-out without ...

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